Poomsae Competition Rules

January 24, 2013

USA Taekwondo
One Olympic Plaza, Colorado Springs, Colorado  80909
Telephone: (719) 866-4632    Fax: (719) 866-4642
www.usa-taekwondo.us
# Poomsae Competition Rules

## Table of Contents

1. Poomsae Competition Rules ................................................................. 1  
2. Appendix I: Competition Coordinator’s Commands ............................. 27  
3. Appendix II: Competition Coordinator’s and Referee’s Hand Signals ...... 29  
4. Appendix III: Scoresheets ................................................................. 31  
5. Appendix IV: Poomsae Resources ....................................................... 35  
6. Appendix V: Sample Double Elimination Brackets ............................. 39
**Article 1. Purpose**

The purpose of the Poomsae Competition Rules is to smoothly and fairly manage all matters pertaining to Poomsae competitions promoted, organized or sanctioned by USA Taekwondo (USAT), and to ensure the standardization of Taekwondo Poomsae competition in the United States in accordance with the World Taekwondo Federation (WTF)—the international federation governing the sport of Taekwondo.

A competition that does not follow the fundamental principles of these rules cannot be recognized as USA Taekwondo Poomsae competition.

**Article 2. Application**

These competition rules shall apply to all Poomsae competitions to be promoted and/or organized or sanctioned by the USAT. If any USAT association or event promoter wishes to modify any part of the Competition Rules for a particular competition, they must first receive written approval from the USAT.

Any organization wanting to make a change to some portion of the existing rules must submit the proposed changes to the USAT, along with the reasons for the change in writing. Approval for any changes in these rules must be received from the USAT one month prior to the scheduled competition.

Changes such as increase or decrease in the number of USAT Poomsae Referees and Judges in each ring or their seating arrangement, the number of rounds, the number of Poomsae performed in each round, change in the size of the Competition Area, change in the waiting time between the 1st and 2nd Compulsory Poomsae, change in the position of the inspector, recorder and/or commission doctor, etc., may be made after first gaining the written approval of the USAT. However, such essential matters as scoring must not be changed under any circumstances.

**Article 3. Competition Area**

The Contest Area shall measure at least 10m x 10m (30 ft x 30 ft) and have a flat surface without any obstructing projections. Only USAT-approved mats shall be used at USAT-sanctioned Poomsae Championships, and must provide safe and secure footing for the competitors.

1. **Demarcation of the Contest Area**

   1) The 10m x 10m area shall be called the Contest Area.
2. **Indication of Positions (see Figure 1)**

1) **Referee:** The Referee shall be positioned beside Judge No. 1.

2) **Judges:** The judges are positioned along Boundary Lines 1 and 3. They are 1m from the boundary line with 1m separation between adjacent judges.

3) **Contestants:** Contestants’ starting position shall be 2m back from the center of the Contest Area, toward boundary line #3.

4) **Recorder’s desk:** It shall be positioned at 3m from the Referee on the right side.

5) **Competition coordinator(s):** Competition coordinator(s) shall be positioned outside the Contest Area, 1m away from the corner between boundary lines #1 and #2.

6) **Standby contestants and coaches:** Standby contestants and coaches shall be positioned outside the Contest Area; if possible, 3m away from the corner between boundary lines #3 and #4.

7) **Inspection desk:** An Inspection Desk shall be positioned at the entrance of the Contest Area outside the corner of boundary lines #3 and #4.

3. **Judging Formats**

1) **Seven Judge Format:** The seven judges (including the Referee) shall sit 1m away from the Competition Area with 1m separation between adjacent judges. Four judges (including the Referee) shall face the front of the contestants and three shall face the back. The boundary line adjacent to the four front judges shall be deemed boundary line #1, followed by, clockwise, boundary lines #2, #3, and #4. Judges are positioned and numbered clockwise from the left facing boundary line #1.

2) **Five Judge Format:** In the case of a five judge format, three judges (including the Referee) shall be positioned facing the contestants and the two judges facing the back of the contestants, in the same order as the seven judge format.

3) **Three Judge Format:** In the case of a three judge format, two judges (including the Referee) shall be positioned facing the contestants and one judge facing the back of the contestants, in the same order as the seven judge format.

**Judge Format Notes:**

The position of the Referee and Judges in the Seven, Five and Three Judge systems may be modified to all judges facing the contestants or other appropriate arrangement to accommodate scoring systems, venue or other limitations and constraints that may impact the competition.
Judging System Notes:
USAT Team Trials, National Championships (for WTF divisions) and qualifying tournaments should use the seven judge format.

At USAT qualifying tournaments and for non-WTF divisions (color belts and black belts under 14 years old) in other USAT sanctioned events, the five judge format may be used with the approval of USAT if the number of USAT Poomsae-qualified Referees is insufficient to implement the seven judge format.

At USAT sanctioned events that are not qualifying tournaments, the three judge format may be used for non-WTF divisions (color belts and black belts under 14 years old) with the approval of USAT, if the number of WTF International Poomsae Referees and USAT Poomsae-qualified Referees is insufficient.

— NOTES —
Figure 1. Field of Play

- **Rec:** Recorder
- **R:** Referee
- **J1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6:** Judges
- **C1:** Competition Area
- **C2:** Contestants
- **C3:** Standby Area for Contestants and Coach
- **C4:** Competition Coordinator
- **1, 2, 3, 4:** Boundary Lines
Article 4. Contestants

1. Qualifications of USAT Poomsae Contestants
   1) Residency and citizenship: Residency and citizenship requirements vary among events. USAT national championships and team trials require contestants to be citizens of the United States.
   2) Registered USAT athlete member
   3) Black Belts: All black belt contestants must submit a copy of their Dan/Poom Certificate, current USAT identification card, and birth certificate at the time of registration with the Tournament Organizing Committee.
   4) Color belts: Contestant must be a color belt, with a USAT recognized rank (1st & 2nd Geup Red Belt, 3rd & 4th Geup Blue Belt, 5th & 6th Geup Green Belts, 7th & 8th Geup Yellow Belts). Color belt contestants may only wear a yellow, green, blue or red belt, according to the contestant’s Geup rank.
   5) All contestants participating in a tournament are required to observe the USAT Code of Conduct and the rules of the tournament. Violators are subject to sanction by the USAT.

2. Uniform for Contestants
   1) Official Uniform for Contestants
      All contestants must wear a white Taekwondo V-neck USAT approved uniform (dobok) or WTF approved Poomsae competition uniform in good condition. Black Belts must wear black-collared white uniforms or WTF approved Poomsae competition uniform. Color belts may not wear black-collared uniforms.
      Patches, embroidery, logos, team names, country names, athlete names, and stripes are permitted on the uniform. Logos or names on the back of the uniform and patches on the chest area of the uniform are also allowed.
      Shoes may not be worn. No jewelry or ornaments may be worn. No hats or items may be worn on the head except for religious coverings or soft ties to contain the hair.
      **NO TAPE WILL BE ALLOWED ON ANY PART OF THE UNIFORM.**

3. Personal Hygiene
   1) All competitors must maintain the highest standard of personal hygiene, keep their nails cut short, and groom their hair neatly.
   2) Any violators of Section 1, 2, and 3 will be required to correct the violation within one minute, or shall be subject to disqualification.

4. Medical Control
   1) At Taekwondo events promoted or sanctioned by the USAT, any use or administration of drugs or chemical substances described in the USOC anti-doping by-laws is prohibited.
2) The USAT may carry out any medical testing deemed necessary to ascertain if a contestant has committed a breach of this rule. Any winner who refuses to undergo this testing or who proves to have committed such a breach shall be removed from the final standings, and the record shall be transferred to the contestant next in line in the competition standings. The organizing committee shall be responsible for making arrangements to carry out medical testing.

**Article 5. Classification of Competition**

Contestants may compete in more than one competition division unless they are limited by gender or age.

1. Recognized Poomsae Competition
   1) Men’s Individual
   2) Women’s Individual
   3) Men’s Team
   4) Women’s Team
   5) Pair (one male, one female)

2. Freestyle Poomsae Competition
   1) Men’s Individual
   2) Women’s Individual
   3) Pair (one male, one female)
   4) Mixed Team (composed of 5 members including at least 2 males and 2 females)
Article 6. Divisions by Gender and Age

1. Recognized Poomsae Competition
   1) Men, women and mixed divisions shall be divided according to age.
   2) There is no specific limitation to Poom/Dan rank for team competition.
   3) Male and female divisions shall be classified as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Division</th>
<th>7 and Under</th>
<th>9 and Under</th>
<th>11 and Under</th>
<th>Cadet (12-14)</th>
<th>Junior (15-17)</th>
<th>29 and Under</th>
<th>39 and Under</th>
<th>49 and Under</th>
<th>59 and Under</th>
<th>Over 59</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age (Years)</td>
<td>6-7</td>
<td>8–9</td>
<td>10–11</td>
<td>12–14</td>
<td>15-17</td>
<td>18-29</td>
<td>30-39</td>
<td>40-49</td>
<td>50-59</td>
<td>60+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individual</td>
<td>Male</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Female</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Division</th>
<th>9 and Under</th>
<th>14 and Under</th>
<th>Junior</th>
<th>29 and Under</th>
<th>Over 29</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age</td>
<td>6-9 years old</td>
<td>10-14 years old</td>
<td>15-17 years old</td>
<td>18-29 years old</td>
<td>30+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pair</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Team</td>
<td>Male</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Female</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
*Shaded cells are official WTF divisions competed at USAT sanctioned events.*
*Unshaded cells are USAT divisions competed in USAT sanctioned events.*

The age limit for each division is based on the year—not on the date—when the Championships are held. For example, in the Junior division, contestants shall be between 15 and 17 years old. For example, if the Junior Poomsae Championships are held on 29 July 2013, contestants born between 1 January 1996 and 31 December 1998 are eligible to participate.

2. Freestyle Poomsae Competition
   1) Contestants shall be over 15 years old or older during the year of the competition.

   — NOTES —
Article 7. Methods of Competition

1. The methods of competition are:

1) Single elimination tournament format
In the single elimination tournament a competitor is eliminated from competition after one loss.
- Competitors are matched with opponents randomly or by seeding.
- The order of competition is randomly assigned.
- Each pair of competitors (Chung and Hong) enters the Competition Area together, but perform individually, with Chung (blue) performing first, followed by Hong (red), each competitor standing on their assigned positions when not performing.
- The Referee declares the winner based on the score and both competitors leave the Competition Area together.
- Competitors perform one or two forms in each round selected by the USAT Poomsae Referee Team from the Compulsory Poomsae.

2) Round robin tournament format
In the round robin tournament each competitor competes with every other competitor.
- Competitors are matched with opponents randomly; the order of competition is randomly assigned.
- Each pair of competitors (Chung and Hong) enters the Competition Area together but perform individually, with Chung performing first, followed by Hong.
- The Referee declares the winner based on the score and both competitors leave the Competition Area together.
- Competitors perform one or two forms in each round randomly* selected by the USAT Poomsae Referee Team from the Compulsory Poomsae.

3) Cut-off tournament format
The cut-off tournament is a competition format that has a maximum of three rounds, a preliminary, semi-final and final round. If the division has 20 or more competitors the competition shall start from the preliminary round.
- The division may be split into groups, with each group judged by different judges in the preliminary round.
- The order of the competitors in the preliminary round and in each subsequent round is randomly determined.
- In the preliminary round, each contestant performs one or two assigned forms randomly selected from the Compulsory Poomsae by the Referee Chair. All competitors perform the same form(s). Scores are totaled for each contestant. Those with scores in the top 50%...
advance to the semi-final round.
- If the number of contestants in the division or groups is odd, then the number of contestants advancing to the next round will be rounded up. For example if there are 23 contestants in the group, then the 23 contestant number is rounded up to 24, and the 12 contestants with the highest scores shall advance to semi-final round. If there are 9 to 19 contestants, the competition shall start from the semi-final round.
- In the semi-final round, each contestant will perform two forms (one form may be performed) randomly selected from the Compulsory Poomsae (with the form(s) from the preliminary round excluded), and the 8 contestants with the highest scores advance to the final round.
- When 8 or fewer contestants are participating, the competition shall start from the final round.
- In the final round the contestants perform the two randomly selected forms from the Compulsory Poomsae that were not performed in the previous round. In the case where there are 8 or fewer contestants the final round is also the first round, and two Compulsory Poomsae randomly selected forms shall be performed.
- The top four contestants / pairs / teams shall be awarded prizes based on their points.
- 3rd and 4th places are awarded bronze medals.

Method of Competition Notes:
The number of Poomsae performed in the preliminary and semi-final rounds may be modified after first gaining the written approval of the USAT.

The WTF World Championships and the USAT National Championships use the Cut-Off tournament competition method. For other competitions, other methods of competition may be used.

Modified Single Elimination Format for Color Belt Divisions
For Grassroots and recreational divisions at USAT State Championships, Regional Qualifiers, Nationals and Junior Olympic Championships, cut-off format, modified cut-off format, a modified bracketed competition format (single or double elimination) or other format may be used, at the discretion of tournament organizers. (See below.)

Modified single elimination format (Grassroots and recreational divisions)
In the single elimination format a competitor is eliminated from competition after one loss.
- The competition, in principle, will be judged by one referee and four judges; if there are not enough referees, the contest can be conducted by one referee and two judges.
- Competitors are randomly matched with opponents.
- Each pair of competitors (Chung and Hong) enters the Competition Area together, and performs at the same time.
- WTF/USAT scoring criteria apply, but scoresheets or electronic scoring may not be used.
- Judges declare the winner by extending the arm in the direction of Chung or Hong upon the Referee’s command, “Pyo-chul” (score). When the winner is recorded, the referee has the players bow, and dismisses them.
- The competition is continued until first place, second place and third place winners are determined; note that in this format, there are two third place awards.

**Modified double elimination format (Grassroots and recreational divisions)**

In the double elimination format a competitor is eliminated from competition after two losses.
- The competition, in principle, will be judged by one referee and four judges; if there are not enough referees, the contest can be conducted by one referee and two judges.
- Competitors are randomly matched with opponents.
- Each pair of competitors (Chung and Hong) enters the Competition Area together, and performs at the same time.
- WTF/USAT scoring criteria apply, but scoresheets or electronic scoring are not used.
- Judges declare the winner by extending the arm in the direction of Chung or Hong upon the Referee’s command, “Pyo-chul” (score). When the winner is recorded, the referee has the players bow, and dismisses them.
- The competition is continued until first place, second place and third place winners are determined; note that in this format, there is only one third place award.

NOTE: See Appendix for sample brackets for the double elimination format.

Double elimination brackets for any number of competitors can be generated here:

http://www.ton80.com/tools/brackets.html
http://www.bracketmaker.com/tlist.cfm?tid=215662
http://www.printyourbrackets.com/

Note: Random sequences for any number of competitors, or random poomsae, can be generated here:

http://www.random.org/
## Article 8. Recognized Poomsae

### 1. Black Belts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Division</th>
<th>Compulsory Poomsae</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7 and Under</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 and Under</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 and Under</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cadet (12-14)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junior (15-17)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29 and Under</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39 and Under</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49 and Under</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59 and Under</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 59</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pair</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 and Under</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14 and Under</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junior (15-17)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29 and Under</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 29</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Team</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 and Under</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14 and Under</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junior (15-17)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29 and Under</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 29</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
- *Shaded cells are official WTF divisions competed at USAT sanctioned events.*
- *Unshaded cells are USAT divisions competed in USAT sanctioned events.*
2. **Color Belts**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Division</th>
<th>Compulsory Poomsae</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yellow (7th &amp; 8th Geup)</td>
<td>Taegeuk 1, 2 Jang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All ages</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green (5th &amp; 6th Geup)</td>
<td>Taegeuk 1, 2, 3, 4 Jang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All ages</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blue (3rd &amp; 4th Geup)</td>
<td>Taegeuk 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Jang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All ages</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red (1st &amp; 2nd Geup)</td>
<td>Taegeuk 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 Jang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All ages</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Article 9. Freestyle Poomsae**

1. Freestyle performance is based on Taekwondo techniques, with the addition of music and choreography.

2. Composition of freestyle Poomsae:

   1) “Yeon-mu” line (i.e., the progress line of the Poomsae) shall be the choice of the contestant.
   2) Number of Poom: Each performance shall be composed of 20 to 24 poom (each poom shall be no more than 5 movements).
   3) Technique: Each performance shall be composed of attacking and defending techniques of Taekwondo with 60% foot techniques and 40% hand techniques.
   4) Music and choreography shall be the choice of the contestant.
   5) The performed techniques must be within the boundaries of Taekwondo. The USAT Poomsae Referee Team will determine the validity of the performed Taekwondo techniques when the contestant submits a Free Style Poomsae Performance Plan.
Article 10. Duration of Contest

Duration of Contest by Division

1. Recognized Poomsae: Individual, Pair and Team competitions from 30 to 90 seconds.
2. Free Style Poomsae: Individual, Pair and Mixed Team competitions from 60 to 70 seconds.
3. The waiting time between 1st and 2nd Poomsae is 30 to 60 seconds.

Article 11. Order of Competition

The order of competition shall be random and will be accomplished by drawing of lots or by other random process on the day prior to competition. The Compulsory Poomsae to be assigned or designated for each division shall be determined at the time the order of competition is determined by the drawing of lots or by other random process. In some cases the Designated Poomsae may be posted earlier to promote athlete development.

Article 12. Prohibited Acts / Penalties

1. The Referee shall declare penalties for any prohibited acts.

2. Penalties are defined as “Gam-jeom” (deduction of points by penalties).

3. “Gam-jeom” shall be declared on the following prohibited acts:

   1) Uttering undesirable remarks or any misconduct on the part of a contestant or a coach.

   2) Any act that intentionally interferes with another competitor, coach or official.

4. Should a contestant be assessed two (2) deductions, the referee shall declare the contestant a loser on penalties. “Gam-jeom,” as defined in this Article, refers to deduction of points due to behavior that disrespects the spirit of sport, rather than due to judges’ scoring in terms of accuracy and presentation.

Article 13. Procedures of the Contest

1. Call for contestants. Thirty minutes prior to the scheduled start of the contest, the names of the contestants shall be announced three times in the contestants’ training area. Any contestant who fails to appear in the Competition Area after the “Chool-jeon” command of the competition coordinator shall be regarded as having withdrawn from and forfeited the match.

2. Standby. Each contestant, accompanied by only one coach, shall wait at the contestants’
waiting area for the physical and uniform inspection.

3. **Physical inspection and uniform inspection.** After being called, the contestants shall undergo a physical inspection and a uniform inspection at the specified inspection desk by an inspector designated by the USAT. The contestant shall not show any signs of aversion, and shall not bear any object that may cause harm to the other contestant.

4. **Entering the Competition Area.** Following the inspection, the contestant(s) shall enter the contestant standby waiting area with one coach. Upon the Competition Coordinator’s command (see Appendix I) of “Chool jeon” (enter) the contestant(s) shall enter the Contest Area. When issuing the command “Chool jeon” the Competition Coordinator motions with his/her right hand directing the contestant(s) into the Contest Area to the contestant’s designated spot (see Appendix II). The coach remains in the designated contestant standby area.

1) **Elimination and Round Robin Tournaments**
   - In individual competitions, the competitors, designated as Chung and Hong enter together.
   - Contestants shall face each other and make a standing bow at the competition coordinator’s command of “Cha-ryeot” (attention) and “Kyeong-rye” (bow).
   - After “Kyeong-rye,” Chung performs first and thenHong. In pair and team competitions, theChung team/pair and the Hong team/pair enter together. After “Kyeong-rye,” the Hong team/pair exits and the Chung team/pair performs first, then Hong team (pair) performs.
   - When issuing the command “Kyeong-rye” the Coordinator motions with his/her hands directing the contestant(s) bow to each other or to bow to the judges along Boundary Line #1.

2) **Cut-off Tournament**
   - Individual, pair and team competitors enter the Competition Area alone.

5. **Beginning of the Performance.** The performance begins when the Competition Coordinator announces “Cha-ryeot,” “Kyeong-rye,” “Joon-bi” and “Shi-jak” (start).

6. **When two Poomsae are performed.** At the end of the first Poomsae the competition coordinator announces “Bah-roh” then “Shi-ah” at which point the contestant may return to the contestant waiting area to consult with the coach during the waiting time between the 1st and 2nd Poomsae. At the end of the waiting time the contestant returns to the designated spot in the Competition Area or the Competition Coordinator will command “Chool jeon” and motion with his/her hand directing the contestant(s) into the Competition Area to the designated spot.

7. **Beginning of the performance of the 2nd Poomsae.** The performance begins when the Competition Coordinator announces “Cha-ryeot,” “Joon-bi” and “Shi-jak” (start). There is no bow before the 2nd Poomsae.

8. **Completion of performance.** The performance ends with the Competition Coordinator commanding “Bah-roh” (back to ready) “Cha-ryeot,” “Kyeong-rye.” When issuing the
command “Kyeong-rye” the Competition Coordinator motions with his/her hands directing the contestant(s) bow to each other or to bow to the judges along Boundary Line #1.

9. **Retirement of the contestants.** After the standing salute the contestant exits on the Competition Coordinator's command “Tuae-jahng” (exit). When issuing the command “Tuae-jahng” the Coordinator motions with his/her hand directing the contestant(s) from the designated spot out of the Competition Area. The hand motion shall be respectful, performed with formality, not in a dismissive fashion.

10. **When using an electronic scoring device.** The judges enter the score into the electronic scoring device after confirming the total score. The total score entered by the judges appear on the public display board. The referee shall declare the winner according to the results of the judges.

11. **When using the scoring ballot.** The judges score accuracy in real time, and complete the scoring ballot after confirming the total score. After the judges’ ballots are recorded, the recorder announces the final result. The referee shall declare the winner according to the results of the judges.

---

**Article 14. Competition Coordinator**

1. Qualifications
   1) The Referee Chair shall assign the Competition Coordinators.

2. Duties
   1) One or two Competition Coordinators shall be assigned.
   2) The Competition Coordinator(s) shall verify the contestants’ identities and direct contestants in and out of the venue, and shall assist the refereeing officials to ensure the unimpeded progress of the competition and declare the winners/medalists.

---

**Article 15. Scoring Criteria**

Scoring shall be made in accordance with the USAT and WTF Competition Rules (see score sheets, Appendix III.)

1. **Recognized Poomsae**
   1) Accuracy (4 points)
      a. Accuracy of basic movements
      b. Balance
      c. Accuracy of details of each Poomsae
   2) Presentation (6 points)
      a. Speed and power.
      b. Strength/speed/rhythm
      c. Expression of energy
3) Allotted Scoring Chart for Recognized Poomsae

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scoring Criteria</th>
<th>Details of Scoring Criteria</th>
<th>Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Accuracy (4.0)</strong></td>
<td>Accuracy of details of each Poomsae</td>
<td>4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Accuracy of basic movements and balance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Presentation (6.0)</strong></td>
<td>Speed and power</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Strength/speed/rhythm</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Expression of energy</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Freestyle Poomsae

1) Technical skills (6 points)
   a. Level of difficulty of foot techniques
   b. Accuracy of movements
   c. Degree of completion of Poomsae

2) Presentation (4 points)
   a. Creativity
   b. Harmony
   c. Expression of energy
   d. Music and choreography

3) The USAT Poomsae Referee Team will establish the level of difficulty for kicking techniques each year.
### 4) Allotted Scoring Chart for Free Style Poomsae

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scoring Criteria</th>
<th>Details of Scoring Criteria</th>
<th>Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Technical skills (6.0)</strong></td>
<td>Level of difficulty of foot techniques (3.0)</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Height of jump</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of jumping kicks</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gradient of turn</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of consecutive kicks</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acrobatic actions</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Accuracy of movement (1.5)</strong></td>
<td>Basic movements</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Designated technical movement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Degree of completion of Poomsae (1.5)</strong></td>
<td>Practicability</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Connectivity between offensive and defensive movements</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Presentation (4.0)</strong></td>
<td>Creativity</td>
<td>4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Harmony</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Expression of energy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Music and choreography</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Maximum Points</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>10.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Article 16. Methods of Scoring

1. **Recognized Poomsae**
   1) Total score is 10 points

2. **Accuracy**
   a. Basic score is 4.0
   b. 0.1 point shall be deducted each time a contestant makes small errors; does not perform the basic movements accurately.

   **Deduction of 0.1 point per small mistake in accurate performance**

   0.1 point shall be deducted each time a stance (Apgubi, Dwitgubi, Beomseogi and all the other standing movements and positions), hand or foot technique (Makki, Jireugi, Chigi and all the other hand and foot movements) is not performed as explained in the current Kukkiwon Taekwondo Textbook. *(See Appendix IV.)*
c. 0.3 point will be deducted each time a contestant makes a serious mistake.

**Serious mistake in accuracy**

0.3 points shall be deducted when incorrect actions or techniques are performed or correct techniques or actions are omitted; i.e., serious deviations from the Poomsae as described in the *Taekwondo Textbook*.

Examples:
- Eolgul Makki is performed instead of Arae Makki
- Dwitgubi is performed instead of Juchum Seogi
- Kihap (yell) or stomp is not made or made in the wrong place
- Brief stops during movements (forgetting the next movement for three seconds or longer)
- Looking in the wrong direction (eyes should be focused in the direction of movement but should not anticipate the next direction of movement)
- When the raised foot steps down early or in the wrong spot (not just a brief balancing touch)
- Not finishing the Poomsae within one foot length of the original starting point

3) **Presentation**

A. Basic total score (6.0 points)

Deduction of points in presentation shall be made for the overall performance of the Poomsae, not for every small or serious mistake during the performance:

- 2.0 points for speed and power
- 2.0 points for control of power, speed and rhythm
- 2.0 points for expression of energy

a. Speed and Power (2.0 points)

Ability to perform Poomsae shall be evaluated on whether the movements are performed in accordance with the characteristics of the pertinent movement; for example, attacking techniques such as Jireugi or Chagi, are best performed with a soft start, accelerating with a balance between speed and power, using the body weight to achieve a maximum effect; or, special movements are performed slowly, and intentionally, with power and balance.

Examples:
- Deduction shall be made if too much strength is revealed in the beginning of the movements, as this slows down the movement and reduces the power and effectiveness of the movement.
- Deduction shall be made if the contestant exaggerates a movement beyond the culmination of that movement to show power in the next movement, or exaggerates the reaction of the body to express power.
b. Control of Power, Speed and Rhythm (2.0 points)
   - Control of power means the greatest power is shown at the most critical moment of
     the movement, usually the culmination, through speed and softness.
   - Control of speed means an appropriate connection between actions and changes in
     speed, such that powerful moves accelerate.
   - Rhythm means repeated actions are performed with timing that results in the
     technique being most effective to accomplish the intended result, and flow of
     power with the greatest expression of power occurring at the instant of the strike,
     block or kick.
   Examples:
   - Too much power makes the movement look stiff and robotic from the start;
     deductions shall be made if the speed, power and rhythm are presented with no
     changes from the start to the end of the lines of movements.
   - Deductions shall be made in case of stiff or limp actions coming from a stiff body
     or a too soft presentation without expression of power. A strong start makes it
     difficult to accelerate, and slows down the action at the critical point of the
     movements.

c. Expression of Energy (2.0 points)
   This category addresses the presentation of confidence and power that come from
   mastering the expression of energy. The range of movement of techniques,
   concentration, courage, sharpness, confidence, and posture effect how energy is
   expressed according to the characteristic actions of the Poomsae. Such
   characteristics as the direction of sight and focus of the eyes, strength of the kihap
   (yelling), attitude and uniform all contribute to the overall expression of energy.
   Example:
   - Deductions shall be made if actions are not crisp and powerful, or connecting
     actions are not big enough for the performer’s physique, or the performance is
     made in the same rhythm throughout without slowing and accelerating to
     emphasize techniques.

4) Deduction of points
   A. 0.3 points shall be deducted from the final score in case the performance is finished
      earlier or later than the set contest time.
   B. 0.3 points shall be deducted from the final score if the contestant crosses the boundary
      line during performance.

5) Score calculation
   A. Accuracy shall be scored separately from presentation.
B. Final score shall be the average of the judge’s scores for accuracy (the highest and lowest judge scores dropped before calculating the average) and the average of the judge’s scores for presentation (the highest and lowest judge scores dropped before calculating the average). If using the three judge format, the highest and lowest score will not be dropped.

The publication of the score shall show the score for Accuracy, the score for Presentation and the Total Score.

All penalties accumulated during the competition shall be deducted from the final score.

2. Free Style Poomsae

1) Technical Skill

A. Level of difficulty of foot techniques: Points may be awarded from 0.0 up to 3.0 in total in five evaluation areas.
   a. Height of jump: Points may be awarded based on the height of jump.
   b. Number of kicks in a jump: Points shall be awarded based on the number of kicks in a jump.
   c. Gradient of turn in spin kicks: Points may be awarded based on the number or degrees of turn (i.e., more than 180 degrees, more than 360 degrees, more than 540 degrees and more than 720 degrees) in spin kicks.
   d. Performance level of consecutive kicks: Points may be awarded based on the number of connected kicks; the number of consecutive kicks shall be limited to five.
   e. Acrobatic actions: Points may be awarded based on the technical difficulty of all acrobatic actions performed.

B. Accuracy of movements: This means posture and balance. Points may be awarded from 0.0 up to 1.5 for accuracy in basic movements of Taekwondo and designated technical movements of Taekwondo.

C. Degree of completion of Poomsae: Points may be awarded from 0 up to 1.5 based on the practicality of the Poomsae and the connection between attacks and defenses; i.e., attacks and defenses are balanced to present a realistic and harmonious Poomsae.

2) Presentation

Points may be awarded from 0 up to 4.0 based on the general performance of the free-style Poomsae.

A. Creativity: Points may be awarded based on the creativity of the actions and components of the Poomsae.

B. Harmony: Points may be awarded based on the harmony and balance between different components of the Poomsae (music, choreography, and attire for example). Harmony, balance, or synchronicity between or among the performers (unity, for example) shall be also evaluated in the case of team and pairs contests.
C. **Expression of energy:** Points may be awarded for accurate expression of energy in the Poomsae, as described in Recognized Poomsae, above.

D. **Music and choreography:** Points may be awarded based on how the music and the choreography contribute to the performance of the Poomsae.

3) **Deduction of points**

   A. 0.3 points shall be deducted from the final score in case the performance is finished earlier or later than the set contest time.
   
   B. 0.3 points shall be deducted from the final score if the contestant crosses the boundary line during performance.

4) **Score calculation**

   A. Technical skills shall be scored separately from presentation.
   
   B. Final score shall be the average of the judges’ scores for technical skills (the highest and lowest judge scores dropped before calculating the average) and the average of the judges’ scores for presentation (the highest and lowest judge scores dropped before calculating the average). The publication of the score shall show the score for Technical Skills, the score for Presentation and the Total Score. In the case of the Three Judge Format the highest and lowest score will not be dropped.
   
   C. All penalties accumulated during the competition shall be deducted from the final score.

**Article 17. Publication of Scoring**

1. The final score shall be announced immediately after collating the judges’ total scores.

2. In case of using electronic scoring instruments
   
   1) Judges shall input points in the electronic scoring instruments (Accuracy in real time during the performance and Presentation after the performance of the Poomsae), and total points shall be automatically displayed on the monitors.
   
   2) The final score and the individual judges’ scores shall be displayed on the monitor following the automatic deletion of the highest and lowest scores among the judges.

3. In case of manual (paper score sheet) scoring
   
   1) The coordinator shall collect each scoring sheet and convey the results to the recorder immediately after completion of the Poomsae.
   
   2) The recorder shall report the final score to the Referee, following the deletion of the highest and lowest scores, and announce the final score or have the final score displayed. In the case of the three judge format the highest and lowest score will not be dropped.
Article 18. Decision and Declaration of Winner

1. The winner shall be the contestant who is awarded the highest total points.

2. In case of a tied score, the winner shall be the contestant with the highest presentation score. In case the scores are still tied, then the contestant with the higher total points (including all judge’s scores, the highest and lowest not dropped) shall be the winner. In case the scores are still tied after the highest and lowest scores are added back, a rematch shall be conducted to determine the winner. The Referee will designate the Poomsae to be performed.

3. The rematch will consist of performing one compulsory Poomsae designated by the Referee. The previous scores will not affect the scores of the rematch.

4. In case of a tied score after the rematch, the winner shall be the contestant who is awarded more points in total, including the highest and lowest scores that were dropped. In case of a tie, the rematch will be repeated until there is a winner.

5. Decisions

   1) Win by score. The winner is the contestant with the highest total points.

   2) Win by Referee Stop the Contest (RSC). In the event that the referee or commission doctor determines that a contestant is unable to continue, even after a minute of recovery period, or if a contestant disregards the referee’s command to continue, the referee shall declare the contest stopped and the opposing contestant shall be declared the winner.

   3) Win by withdrawal of opponent. The winner is determined by the withdrawal of the opponent: a. When a contestant withdraws from the match due to injury or other reasons, or b. When a coach throws a towel into the court to signify forfeiture of the match.

   4) Win by disqualification. Should a contestant lose his or her contestant status before the competition begins, the opposing contestant shall be declared the winner.

   5) Win by opponent’s penalties. In the event that a contestant accumulates two “Gam-jeom” (deduction of points by penalties), as prescribed in Article 12.3, the opponent shall be declared the winner.

Article 19. Procedures for Suspending the Contest

When a contest is to be stopped during the competition, the referee shall:

1. At the time of suspending the match, the referee shall order the recorders to suspend timekeeping. At this time, the Competition Coordinator is to determine the reason(s) for the stoppage of the competition.

2. In the case in which a contest is stopped due to problems related to a contestant, and should a
contestant not demonstrate the will to continue the contest within 90 seconds for Recognized Poomsae or 70 seconds for Free Style Poomsae, the referee shall declare the opposing contestant as the winner. In the case where the stoppage of a contest is not related to the contestants, the problem shall be resolved quickly and another chance to perform shall be given to pertinent contestants.

3. All the other problems that may arise shall be resolved through the meeting of the judges of the pertinent competition, Poomsae Committee Chairperson, and the Competition Supervisory Board members.

---

**Article 20. Refereeing Officials**

1. Qualifications
   
   1) Judges: Shall be Poomsae-qualified USAT Referees  
   2) Referee: Shall be Poomsae-qualified USAT referees

2. Duties
   
   1) Referee  
      A. The Referee shall document all valid points.  
      B. The referee shall declare the winner and issue “Gam-jeom” (deduction of points by penalties). The referee shall declare only after the judges’ decision has been confirmed.  
      C. The referee is permitted to summon the judges during the competition, if the need arises.

   2) Judges
      A. The judges shall document all valid points.  
      B. The judges shall state their opinions forthrightly when requested to do so by the referee.

   3) Classification of refereeing officials
      Refereeing officials shall be Poomsae-qualified USAT Referees.
4) Uniform of the refereeing officials
   A. Refereeing officials shall wear uniforms designated by the USAT.
   B. Refereeing officials shall not carry or take any materials to the arena that might interfere with the contest.
   C. The Chairman of the Competition Supervisory Board may request the Chair of the refereeing officials that a refereeing official be reassigned in the event that refereeing officials have been improperly assigned, or when it is judged by the Competition Supervisory Board that any of the assigned refereeing officials have unfairly conducted the contest or made unreasonable mistakes.

Article 21. Recorder

The recorder shall time the contest, including suspended time during the contest. The recorder shall also calculate, record and announce or display the total score.

Article 22. Formation and Assignment of Refereeing Officials

1. Composition of refereeing officials
   1) Seven Judge Format: 1 Referee, 6 Judges
   2) Five Judge Format: 1 Referee, 4 Judges
   3) Three Judge Format: 1 Referee, 2 Judges

2. Assignment of Refereeing officials
   1) The assignment of the referees and judges shall be made after the contest schedule is set.
   2) Referees and judges with the same state or club as that of either contestant or with a conflict of interest shall not be assigned to such a contest. However, an exception shall be made for the judges when the number of refereeing officials is insufficient, as the case may be. Prior to the beginning of the pertinent contest, Referees and Judges must disclose any conflict of interest to the Referee Chairperson.
Article 23.  Other Matters Not Specified in the Rules

Matters not specified in the Rules shall be dealt with as follows:

1. Matters related to the competition shall be decided through a consensus of the refereeing officials of the pertinent contest.

2. The USAT Poomsae Referee Team or its proxy shall decide matters not related to the competition.

— NOTES —
Appendix I

Competition Coordinator’s Commands
## Competition Coordinator Commands (Two Forms)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Korean</th>
<th>English</th>
<th>Coordinator / Competitor Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>“Chool jeon”</td>
<td>Enter</td>
<td>Coordinator motions with extended right arm for the competitor enter the competition area. Competitor enters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Cha-ryeot”</td>
<td>Attention</td>
<td>Coordinator’s right arm bent 90° with palm out at face height. Competitor comes to attention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Kyeong-rye”</td>
<td>Bow</td>
<td>Coordinator’s right arm rotates 90° with palm facing down. Competitor bows.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Joon-bi”</td>
<td>Ready</td>
<td>No hand signal. Competitor moves to Joonbi soegi.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Shi-jak”</td>
<td>Begin</td>
<td>No hand signal. Competitor begins 1st form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Bah-roh”</td>
<td>Return (to Joonbi Soegi)</td>
<td>No hand signal. Competitor returns to Joonbi soegi.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Shi-ah”</td>
<td>Rest (at ease)</td>
<td>Competitor relaxes and may leave the competition area area to speak to the coach.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Pyo-chul”</td>
<td>(Judges) Score</td>
<td>Coordinator’s right arm fully extended straight up, palm out.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Chool jeon”</td>
<td>Enter</td>
<td>Coordinator motions with extended right arm for the competitor enter the competition area if he/she has left. Competitor enters. (If competitor did not leave or has already returned, then this command and signal are not required.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Cha-ryeot”</td>
<td>Attention</td>
<td>Coordinator’s right arm bent 90° with palm out at face height. Competitor comes to attention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Joon-bi”</td>
<td>Ready</td>
<td>No hand signal. Competitor moves to Joonbi soegi.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Shi-jak”</td>
<td>Begin</td>
<td>No hand signal. Competitor begins 2nd form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Bah-roh”</td>
<td>Return (to Joonbi soegi)</td>
<td>No hand signal. Competitor returns to Joonbi soegi.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Shi-ah”</td>
<td>Rest (at ease)</td>
<td>Competitor relaxes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Pyo-chul”</td>
<td>(Judges) Score</td>
<td>Coordinator’s right arm fully extended straight up, palm out.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Cha-ryeot”</td>
<td>Attention</td>
<td>When the final score is displayed the coordinator calls the competitor to attention. Coordinator’s right arm bent 90° with palm out at face height. Competitor comes to attention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Kyeong-rye”</td>
<td>Bow</td>
<td>Coordinator’s right arm rotates 90° with palm facing down. Competitor bows.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Tuae-jahng”</td>
<td>Exit</td>
<td>Coordinator motions with extended right arm for the competitor exit the competition area. Competitor leaves.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Competition Coordinator Commands (One Form)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Korean</th>
<th>English</th>
<th>Coordinator/Competitor Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>“Chool jeon”</td>
<td>Enter</td>
<td>Coordinator motions with extended right arm for the competitor enter the competition area. Competitor enters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Cha-ryeot”</td>
<td>Attention</td>
<td>Coordinator’s right arm bent 90° with palm out at face height. Competitor comes to attention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Kyeong-rye”</td>
<td>Bow</td>
<td>Coordinator’s right arm rotates 90° with palm facing down. Competitor bows.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Joon-bi”</td>
<td>Ready</td>
<td>No hand signal. Competitor moves to Joonbi soegi.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Shi-jak”</td>
<td>Begin</td>
<td>No hand signal. Competitor begins form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Bah-roh”</td>
<td>Return (to Joonbi soegi)</td>
<td>No hand signal. Competitor returns to Joonbi soegi.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Shi-ah”</td>
<td>Rest (at ease)</td>
<td>Competitor relaxes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Pyo-chul”</td>
<td>(Judges) Score</td>
<td>Coordinator’s right arm fully extended straight up, palm out.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Cha-ryeot”</td>
<td>Attention</td>
<td>When the final score is displayed the coordinator calls the competitor to attention. Coordinator’s right arm bent 90° with palm out at face height. Competitor comes to attention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Kyeong-rye”</td>
<td>Bow</td>
<td>Coordinator’s right arm rotates 90° with palm facing down. Competitor bows.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Tuae-jahng”</td>
<td>Exit</td>
<td>Coordinator motions with extended right arm for the competitor exit the competition area. Competitor leaves.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix II

Competition Coordinator’s and Referee’s
Hand Signals
“Chool jeon”

1. The Competition Coordinator extends the right open hand toward the competitor(s) and while issuing the command “Chool jeon” motions toward the center of the Contest Area to the contestant’s designated spot.
“Cha-ryeot”
1.

“Kyeong-rye”
2.
Appendix III
Scoresheets
# Recognized Poomsae Score Sheet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Competitor:</th>
<th>Ring Number:</th>
<th>Round: Preliminary</th>
<th>Semi-final</th>
<th>Final</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Division:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Judge's Name:</th>
<th>Signature:</th>
<th>Judge #</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Poomsae #1:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accuracy in basic movements</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Accuracy in Individual Movements of Poomsae</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power &amp; Speed</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coordination of Rhythm &amp; Tempo and Softness &amp; Power</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expression of Energy</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Accuracy + Presentation (10.0)***

### Poomsae #2:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accuracy in basic movements</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Accuracy in Individual Movements of Poomsae</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power &amp; Speed</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coordination of Rhythm &amp; Tempo and Softness &amp; Power</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expression of Energy</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Accuracy + Presentation (10.0)***

**Total Score**: Poomsae #1 + Poomsae #2 =
## USAT Recognized Poomsae Score Sheet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Poomsae</th>
<th>Accuracy (4.0)</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Accuracy in basic movements</td>
<td>Add deductions, subtract from 4.0. Record Accuracy score in Score box (Use + for 0.1 and − for 0.3).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accuracy in Individual Movements of Poomsae</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power &amp; Speed</td>
<td>2.0 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coordination of Rhythm &amp; Tempo and Smoothness &amp; Power</td>
<td>2.0 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expression of Energy</td>
<td>2.0 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Presentation (6.0)**

| Total Presentation | Total Accuracy + Presentation (10.0) |

## USAT Recognized Poomsae Score Sheet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Poomsae</th>
<th>Accuracy (4.0)</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Accuracy in basic movements</td>
<td>Add deductions, subtract from 4.0. Record Accuracy score in Score box (Use + for 0.1 and − for 0.3).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accuracy in Individual Movements of Poomsae</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power &amp; Speed</td>
<td>2.0 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coordination of Rhythm &amp; Tempo and Smoothness &amp; Power</td>
<td>2.0 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expression of Energy</td>
<td>2.0 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Presentation (6.0)**

| Total Presentation | Total Accuracy + Presentation (10.0) |
# USAT Free Style Poomsae Score Sheet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Competitor:</th>
<th>Ring Number:</th>
<th>Round:</th>
<th>Preliminary</th>
<th>Semi-final</th>
<th>Final</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Division:

## Judge’s Name:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signature:</th>
<th>Judge #</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Category | Sub-Category | Score Allocation | Score |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Technical Skills (6.0)</td>
<td>Level of Difficulty of Foot Techniques (3.0)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Difficulty of Foot Techniques</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Degree of Completion of Foot Techniques</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Accuracy of Movements</td>
<td>Basic Movements/Technical Movements</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Degree of Completion of Poomsae</td>
<td>Practicability/Connectivity between Offensive &amp; defensive Movements</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Presentation (4.0)</td>
<td>Creativeness/Harmony</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Music &amp; Choreography/Expression of Energy</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Total Score (10.0)
Appendix IV

Poomsae Resources
Poomsae Resources

The primary reference for WTF Poomsae is the *Kukkiwon Textbook* (see below) which is cited in the WTF rules as the standard. The Kukkiwon Textbook describes the standards for the stances, techniques and movements for the recognized poomsae. Two additional books, *The Textbook of Taekwondo Poomsae* and *The Explanation of Official Taekwondo Poomsae*, provide supplementary information, descriptions and sequential photos for each poomsae. Together these books form an essential component for a referee’s poomsae library and are the minimum resources required by all referees.

Two video sets of poomsae are available for home study. The Kukkiwon video, *Taekwondo (new Kukkiwon Poomsae)*, is the most recent, but *WTF Standard Taekwondo Poomsae*, while somewhat dated is still a valuable resource. Together these two sets are essential for any referee’s library.

There are thousands of video performances on the internet on individual website and on YouTube. The World Taekwondo Federation, Kukkiwon and USAT (see below) websites have reference poomsae videos posted and text reference materials. Dartfish, a software company, has established a collection of sport channels for the WTF, the various continental Taekwondo unions and many national Taekwondo organizations on which sparring and poomsae competitions are posted (see below).

Finally, the World Taekwondo Federation, the Pan American Taekwondo Union and the USAT offer poomsae referee seminars that range from several hours to 5 days. The Kukkiwon offers poomsae seminars ranging from several hours to several days. Many competent poomsae practioners, coaches, competitors and referees offer private poomsae seminars. All may be useful in learning poomsae; however, only the WTF and USAT poomsae referee seminars are directed toward referee certification for USAT referees.

The best training for poomsae referees is “on the job”—judging local, regional and national competitions under the direction of an experienced and critical poomsae referee supervisor.
Cited Resources

Books


Videos


Internet

Dartfish TV: http://www.dartfish.tv/Home.aspx


USAT Taekwondo TV: http://dartfish.tv/usat


Appendix V: Sample Brackets for Double Elimination Format (4 competitors)

Winner’s Bracket

(1)  

(3)  

(2)  

(6)  

Loser’s Bracket

Loser 1  

Loser 2  

Loser 3  

Loser of 6 if 1st Loss
Appendix V: Sample Brackets for Double Elimination Format (8 competitors)

Winner’s Bracket

(1)  
(2)  
(3)  
(4)  

(7)  
(11)  
(8)  

(14)  
Winner

Loser’s Bracket

Loser 8  (10)  
Loser 1  (5)  
Loser 2  
Loser 7  (9)  
Loser 3  (6)  
Loser 4  

Loser 11  (13)  
(12)  

(15)  
Loser of 14 if 1st Loss  
Winner
Appendix V: Sample Brackets for Double Elimination Format (16 competitors)